

R F I D Read-
Write Device
PC
Development
Guide C #

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V 0.3.0.0

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1., preface

1.1. summary

To facilitate secondary development, we provide the available in.Function library where the n e t platform runs.The library is written in the C # language and encapsulated into the standard D LL library " GR ea d er Ap i.The d ll ", with support.Version of n et f ra m e w o rk 2.0 and above.

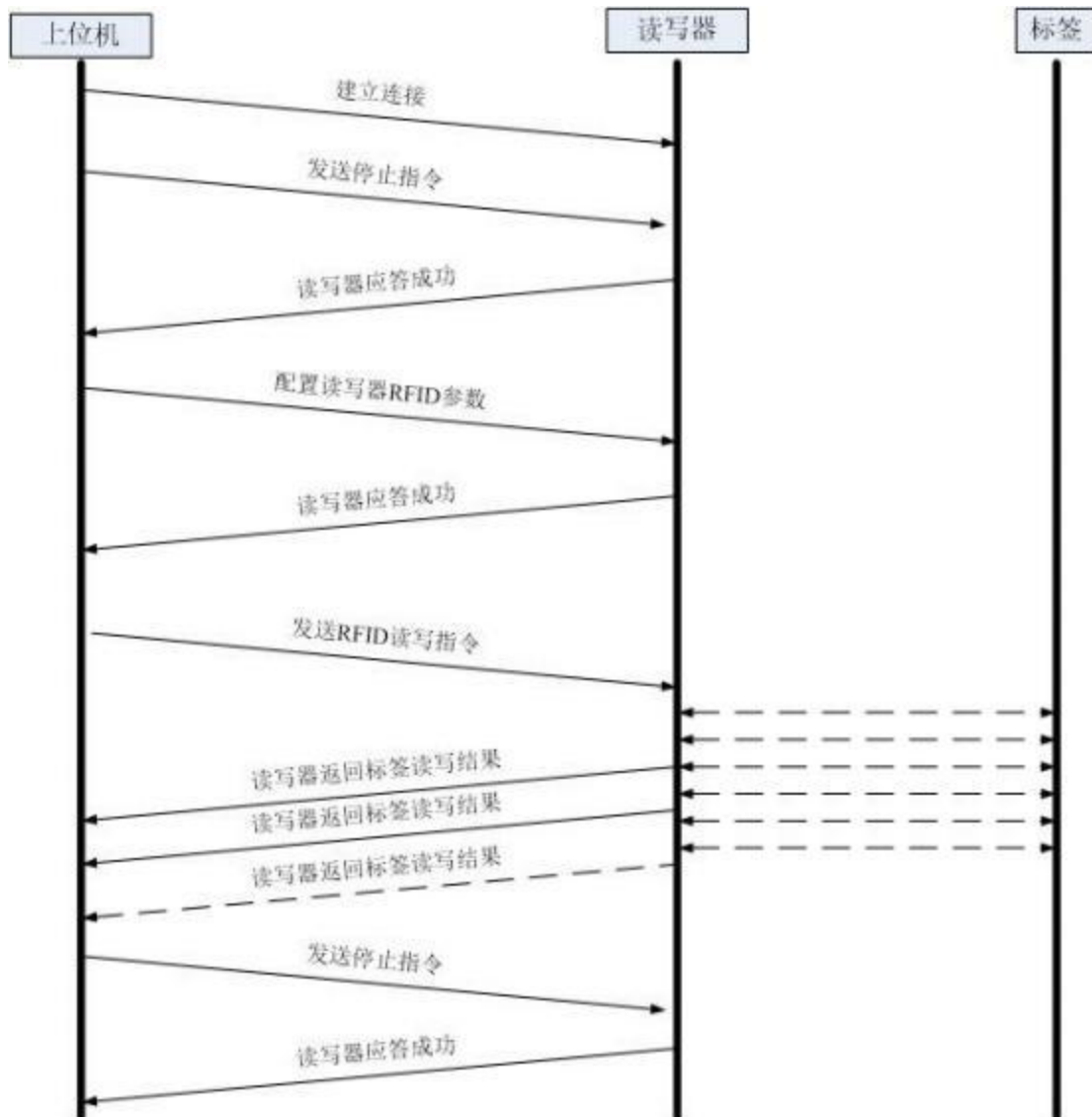
1.2. Suitable equipment

Function, Module	Suitable equipment type
Reader and writer configuration and management	R8008、 R8004
R F I D configuration and operation	UHF equipment full model

1.3. Copyright description

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4.1. Basic process of reading and writing



2. Get started quickly

```
using GDotnet .Reader .A pi .DAL ;  
using GDotne t .Reader .Api .Protocol .Gx ;  
using System ;  
using System .Collections .Generic ;  
using Sys tem .Text ;
```

```
// =====  
// Copyright (C) 2019 SZGxwl Inc.All rights reserv ed.  
//
```

```

// Create by xiao.liu at 2019/1/11 11:22:51.
//
// xiao.liu [mailto:fanjie0127@gmail.com]
// =====
namespace GDotnet.Reader.Api
{
    static class Example
    {
        static void Main ()
        {
            GClient clientConn = new GClient ();
            ConnectionAttemptEventStatusType status ;
            // clientConn.OpenTcp("192.168.1.168:6180", 3000, out status)
            if (clientConn.OpenSerial ("COM16 :115200", 3000, out status ))
            {
                // The // subscription tag reports the event
                clientConn.OnEncapedTagEpcLog += new delegateEncapedTagEpcLog (OnEncapedTagEpcLog ) ;
                clientConn.OnEncapedTagEpcOver += new
                delegateEncapedTagEpcOver (OnEncapedTagEpcOver ) ;

                // stop command, idle state
                MsgBaseStop msgBaseStop = new MsgBaseStop () ;
                clientConn.SendSynMsg (msgBaseStop ) ;
                if (0 == msgBaseStop.RtCode )
                {
                    Console.WriteLine ("Stop successful.");
                }
                else { Console.WriteLine ("Stop error."); }

                // power configuration, set all 4 antenna power to 30dBm.
                MsgBaseSetPower msgBaseSetPower = new MsgBaseSetPower () ;
                msgBaseSetPower.DicPower = new Dictionary <byte , byte >()
                {
                    {1, 30},
                    {2, 30},
                    {3, 30},
                    {4, 30}
                };
                clientConn.SendSynMsg (msgBaseSetPower ) ;
                if (0 == msgBaseSetPower.RtCode )
                {
                    Console.WriteLine ("Power configuration successful.");
                }
                else { Console.WriteLine ("Power configuration error."); }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

Console.WriteLine("Enter any character to start reading the tag."); Console
.ReadKey();

// 4 antenna read cards, read the EPC data area and the TID data area
MsgBaseInventoryEpc msgBaseInventoryEpc = new MsgBaseInventoryEpc();
msgBaseInventoryEpc.AntennaEnable = (ushort)(eAntennaNo._1 | eAntennaNo._2 |
eAntennaNo._3 | eAntennaNo._4);
msgBaseInventoryEpc.InventoryMode = (byte)eInventoryMode.Inventory;
msgBaseInventoryEpc.ReadTid = new ParamEpcReadTid(); // tid parameter
msgBaseInventoryEpc.ReadTid.Mode = (byte)eParamTidMode.Auto;
msgBaseInventoryEpc.ReadTid.Len = 6;
clientConn.SendSynMsg(msgBaseInventoryEpc);
if (0 == msgBaseInventoryEpc.RtCode)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Inventory epc successful.");
}
else { Console.WriteLine("Inventory epc error."); }
Console.ReadKey();

// stops reading the card, in an idle state
clientConn.SendSynMsg(msgBaseStop);
if (0 == msgBaseStop.RtCode)
{
    Console.WriteLine("Stop successful.");
}
else { Console.WriteLine("Stop error."); }
}
else
{
    Console.WriteLine("Connect failure.");
}
Console.ReadKey();
}

```

The #region API event

```

public static void OnEncapedTagEpcLog(EncapedLogBaseEpcInfo msg)
{
    // If there is a blocking inside the // callback, it will affect the normal use of the API
    // A large number of tag pullbacks, please cache the tag data for business processing
    if (null != msg)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(msg.logBaseEpcInfo.ToString());
    }
}

```



```

    }

    public static void OnEncapedTagEpcOver (EncapedLogBaseEpcOver msg)
    {
        if (null != msg)
        {
            Console.WriteLine ("Epc log over.");
        }
    }

    #endregion
}
}

```

3. Connect description

3.1.RS232 linkage

Namespace	GDotnet.Reader.A pi.DAL
class	GC lient
Square, law	public bool OpenSerial (String readerName , int timeout , out eConnectionAttemptEventSt atusType status)
Say, Ming	r e a d e r N a m e: Connect a string, such as "CO M 1:115200" ("String slogan: port rate") t i m e o u t: Connection confirmation timeout time (milliseconds), such as "1000" s t a t u s: Connection status enumeration

3.2.RS485 linkage

Namespace	GDotnet.Reader.A pi.DAL
class	GC lient
Square, law	public bool OpenSerial485(String readerName , int timeout , out eConnectionAttemptEventSt atusType status)

Say, Ming	<p>r e a d e r N a m e: Connection string, such as "C O M 1:115200:1" ("String slogan: port rate: 485 address")</p> <p>t i m e o u t: Connection confirmation timeout time (milliseconds), such as "1000"</p> <p>s t a t u s: Connection status enumeration</p> <p>In semi-duplex mode, occasional communication failures are normal, please try again after failure.</p>
------------------	---

.3.3 TCP client connection

Namespace	GDotnet.Reader.A pi.DAL
class	GC lient
Square, law	public b ool OpenTcp (String readerName , int timeout , out eConnectionAttemptEventSt atusType status)
Say, Ming	<p>r e a d e r N a m e: A connection string (such as "192.168.1.168:6180").Reader and writer default I P "192.168.1.168", by default</p> <p>P o r t "6180"</p> <p>t i m e o u t: Connection confirmation timeout time (milliseconds), such as "1000"</p> <p>s t a t u s: Connection status enumeration</p>

.4.The 3. The T C P server listens for it

Namespace	GDotnet.Reader.A pi.DAL
class	GS erver
Square, law	public bool Open (int p ort)
Say, Ming	<p>p o r t: Local interface for by listening listening.</p> <p>Using this method to listen, you need to configure the UH F read and write device to Client Mode.</p> <p>The Client Mode configuration method is detailed in the R F I D Demo Software Operation Manual.</p>

4. Event description

4.1. The I S O 18000-6C label reports events

Namespace	GDo t ne t .Reade r .Ap i.DA L
class	G C li en t
event	publ ic delegateTagEpcLog OnTagEpcLog ;
Say, Ming	<p><code>public del egate void delegateTagEpcLog (LogBaseEpcInfo msg) ;</code></p> <p>6C tag actively reports the event: When the reader is reading card status, the tag information is reported through this event. See "Quick Start" for an example.</p> <p>Log B ase E p c I n f o: See "Reporting Objects"</p>

Report object

Namespace	GD o t ne t .Rea de r .Ap i.P r o t o c o l.G x
target	L ogBa s eE p c I n f o
attribute	<p>E p c: A 16-decimal EPC string</p> <p>B Epc: The EPC byte array</p> <p>P c: P C value</p> <p>AntId,: Antenna No</p> <p>Rssi: Signal intensity</p> <p>Re s u l t: Tag read result, 0 is read success, non-0 is failure</p> <p>T i d: A 16-Binary T I D string</p> <p>BT i d: The T I D byte array</p> <p>Userdata: A 16-Binary Userdata string</p> <p>BU se r: The U se r da ta byte array</p> <p>Rese r ved: 16 Binary reservation string</p> <p>BR e s: Reserve byte array</p>
Say, Ming	6C label actively report parameters.

4.2. The I SO 18000-6C label reports the end event

Namespace	GD o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .P r o t o c o l .G x
class	LogBaseEpcOver
attribute	public delegate TagEpcOver OnTagEpcOver ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateTagEpcOver (LogBaseEpcOver msg) ;</pre> <p>The 6C label actively reports the end parameter to ensure that the asynchronous messages are synchronized.</p>

4.3. I S O 18000-6B Tab reporting events

Namespace	G D o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .D A L
class	G C l i e n t
event	public delegate Tag6bLog OnTag6bLog ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateTag6bLog (LogBase6bInfo msg) ;</pre> <p>6B The label actively reports the event: when the reader and writer read card status, the label information is reported through this event. See "Quick Start" for an example.</p> <p>LogBase6bInfo: See "Reporting Objects"</p>

Report object

Namespace	GD o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .P r o t o c o l .G x
target	Log Base6b Info
attribute	<p>AntId: Antenna No</p> <p>Rssi: Signal intensity</p> <p>Result: Tag read result, 0 is read success, non-0 is failure</p> <p>Tid: A 16-Binary T I D string</p> <p>BTid: The T I D byte array</p> <p>Userdata: A 16-Binary Userdata string</p> <p>BUser: The U se r da ta byte array</p>

Say, Ming	6C label actively report parameters.
------------------	--------------------------------------

4.4. The ISO 18000-6B label reports the end event

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	Log Base6b Info
attribute	publ ic delegateTag6bOver OnTag6bOver ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateTag6bOver (LogBase6bOver msg) ;</pre> <p>The 6B label actively reports the end parameter to ensure that the asynchronous messages are synchronized.</p>

4.5. The national standard label shall report events

Namespace	G D o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . D A L
class	G C l i e n t
event	p u b l i c delegateTagGbLog OnTagGbLog ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateTagGbLog (LogBaseGbInfo msg) ;</pre> <p>The G B tag actively reports the event: When the reader is reading card status, the tag information is reported through this event. See "Quick Start" for an example. LogBaseGbInfo: See "Reporting Objects"</p>

Report object

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
target	Log Base G x I n f o

attribute	<p>E p c: 16 imported E PC string (tag encoding zone)</p> <p>BEp c: EPC byte array (tag encoding zone)</p> <p>P c: P C value</p> <p>AntId,: Antenna No</p> <p>Rssi: Signal intensity</p> <p>Re s u l t: Tag read result, 0 is read success, non-0 is failure</p> <p>T i d: 16 decimal T I D string (tag information zone)</p> <p>BT i d: T I D byte array (tag information zone)</p> <p>Userdata: A 16-Binary Userdata string</p> <p>BU se r: The U se r da ta byte array</p>
Say, Ming	6C label actively report parameters.

4.6. National standard label to report the end event

Namespace	GD o t n e t .Rea d e r .Ap i.P r o t o c o l.G x
class	L o g B a s e G b O v e r
attribute	publ ic delegateTagGbOver OnTagGbOver ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public d elegate void delegateTagGbOver (LogBaseGbOver msg) ;</pre> <p>The G B label actively reports the end parameter to ensure that the asynchronous messages are synchronized.</p>

.7.4 The G P I triggers the start event

Namespace	GDo t n e t .Rea d e r .Ap i.DA L
class	G C l i e n t
event	p ublic delegateGpiStart OnGpiStart ;

Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateGpiStart (LogBaseGpiStart msg);</pre> <p>G P I triggers the start active reporting event: This event is reported when the G P I reaches the start conditions of the configuration.</p> <p>LogBaseGpiStart: See "Reporting Objects"</p>
------------------	--

Report object

Namespace	GD o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .P r o t o c o l .G x
target	LogBaseGpiStart
attribute	<p>GpiPort: GPI port number (the index starts from 0)</p> <p>Level: Level state, 0 low level, 1 high level</p> <p>TriggerTime: The trigger time</p>
Say, Ming	G P I triggers start active reporting parameter.

.8.4 The G P I triggers the end event

Namespace	G D o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .D A L
class	G C l i e n t
event	public delegateGpiOver OnGpiOve r ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateGpiOver (LogBaseGpiOver msg);</pre> <p>The G P I triggers the start active reporting event: This event is reported when the G P I reaches the configured end condition.</p> <p>LogBaseGpiOver: See "Reporting Objects"</p>

Report object

Namespace	GD o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .P r o t o c o l .G x
target	LogBaseGpiOver
attribute	<p>GpiPort: GPI port number (the index starts from 0)</p> <p>Level: Level state, 0 low level, 1 high level</p> <p>TriggerTime: The trigger time</p>

Say, Ming	The G P I triggers the end of the active reporting parameter.
------------------	---

4.9. TCP connection disconnection event

Namespace	GDo t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .D A L
class	G C l i e n t
event	public delegate TcpDisconnected On TcpDisconnected ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateT cpDisconnected (String readerName) ;</pre> <p>explain:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤The connection is in T C P, and this event is reported when the remote connection is actively disconnected or the physical layer is abnormal. ➤After this event is reported, the connection object should be released by the upper bit machine (caller), otherwise the event will be reported repeatedly until the connection object is released. ➤To meet different needs, whether the connection to the remote device is independently controlled by the upper computer (caller). <p>reader Name: Connection object name.</p>

4.10. T C P Connection event

Namespace	GDo t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .D A L
class	G S e r v e r
event	public delegate GClientConnected On ClientConnected ;
Say, Ming	<pre>public delegate void delegateGpiOver (GClient client) ;</pre> <p>The TCP is listening, and this event reporting is triggered when the remote read and write device actively connects to the upper computer.G C l i e n t: See "Reporting Objects".</p>

Report object

Namespace	G D o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .D A L
------------------	--

target	G C l i e n t
attribute	no .
Say, Ming	Description: This connection object is the same as other active connection objects and is fully used.

5. Message configuration and query description

.1.5 Send a synchronization message

Namespace	GDotnet.Reader.A pi.DAL
class	G C l i e n t
Square, law	public void SendSynMsg (Message msg)
method 1	public void SendSynMsg (Message msg , int timeout)
method 2	p ublic void SendSynMsgRetry (Message msg , int timeout , int retry)
returned value	m sg .R t Code: Message return code 0 is the operation is successful, the non-0 operation failed. m sg .R t M sg: The operation failed for the reason
Say, Ming	Send a synchronization message, see the code example. Tip: Reader-Writer Configuration and Management, RFID Configuration and Operation " and other messages are sent by this method.

Code Example 1

```
// stop command, idle state
MsgBaseStop msgBaseStop = ne w MsgBaseStop () ;
clientConn .SendSynMsg (msgBaseStop ) ;
if (0 == msgBaseStop .RtCode )
{
    Console .Wri teLine ("Stop successful." ) ;
}
```

```
}  
else { Console.WriteLine("Stop error."); }
```

Code Example 2

```
// power configuration, set all 4 antenna power to 30dBm.  
MsgBaseSetPower msgBaseSetPower = new MsgBaseSetPower ();  
msgBaseSetPower.DicPower = new Dictionary <byte, byte >()  
{  
    {1, 30},  
    {2, 30},  
    {3, 30},  
    {4, 30}  
};  
clientConn.SendSynMsg(msgBaseSetPower);  
if (0 == msgBaseSetPower.RtCode)  
{  
    Console.WriteLine("Power configuration successful.");  
}  
else { Console.WriteLine("Power configuration error."); }
```

Code Example 3

```
if (null != this.clientConn)  
{  
    // queries the antenna power  
    MsgBaseGetPower msg = new MsgBaseGetPower ();  
    this.clientConn.SendSynMsg(msg);  
    if (0 == msg.RtCode && null != msg.DicPower)  
    {  
        foreach (var item in msg.DicPower)  
        {  
            switch (item.Key)  
            {  
                case 1:  
                    {  
                        cmbAnt1.SelectedIndex = item.Value ;  
                    }  
                break ;  
                case 2:  
                    {  
                        cmbAnt2.SelectedIndex = item.Value ;  
                    }  
                break ;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

        case 3 :
        {
            cmbAnt3.SelectedIndex = item.Value ;
        }
        break ;
        case 4 :
        {
            cmbAnt4.SelectedIndex = item.Value ;
        }
        break ;
        default :
        break ;
    }
}
}

```

6. Message description

6.1. Reader and writer configuration and management

6.1.1. Restart the reader and writer

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g A p p R e s e t
attribute	not have
Say, Ming	Device restart message, generally executed after modification of the effective restart configuration.

6.1.2. Configure and query the serial port parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
------------------	--

Configuration	MsgAppSerialParam
Query class	MsgAppGetSerialParam
attribute	Baud rate Index: Paud rate index (0,9600 bp s; 1,19200 bp s; 2,115200 bp s; 3,230400 bps; 4,460800bps)
Say, Ming	(Persistent configuration, power-off saving) Configuring device serial port parameters. <i>Note: This configuration needs to be modified when the device is idle (i. e., the loop read status cannot change the configuration).</i>

6.1.3. Configure the G P O status parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Configuration	MsgAppSetGpo
attribute	Gpo1:0 (low, relay disconnected) 1 (high, relay closed) Gpo2:0 (low, relay disconnected) 1 (high, relay closed) Gpo3:0 (low, relay disconnected) 1 (high, relay closed) Gpo4:0 (low, relay disconnected) 1 (high, relay closed)
Say, Ming	(Persistent configuration, power-off saving) Configure the device GPO parameters. <i>Note: No assignment is required for a GPO that does not require control of the state.</i>

6.1.4. Query the G P I status parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Query class	MsgAppGetGpiState
attribute	D i c G p i S t a t e: The corresponding level state of G P I (D i c t i o n a r y < b y t e , b y t e > , k e y : G P I i n d e x n u m b e r , v a l u e : l e v e l s t a t e (0 l o w , 1 h i g h))

Say, Ming	<p>Query the device GPI status.</p> <p>Note: Index number starts at 1.</p>
------------------	--

6.1.5. Configure and query the GP I trigger parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Configuration class	M s g A p p S e t G p i T r i g g e r
Query class	M s g A p p G e t G p i T r i g g e r
attribute	<p>G p i P o r t: G P I port number, and the index starts at 0</p> <p>T r i g g e r S t a r t: Trigger start (0 trigger off, 1 low level trigger, 2 high level trigger, 3 rise along trigger, 4 drop along trigger, 5 any edge trigger)</p> <p>T r i g g e r C o m m a n d: Trigger binding command (Hex, it is empty)</p> <p>B t r i g g e r C o m m a n d: Trigger binding command (Byte [], can be empty)</p> <p>T r i g g e r O v e r: Trigger stop (0 no stop, 1 low level trigger, 2 high level trigger, 3 up along trigger, 4 down along trigger, 5 any edge trigger, 6 delay stop)</p> <p>O v e r D e l a y T i m e: Delay stop time (only if the stop condition is "delay stop" effective)</p> <p>L e v e l U p l o a d S w i t c h: I O level change upload switch when triggering does not stop (0 does not upload, 1 upload)</p>
Say, Ming	<p>(Persiuration configuration, power saving) Configure the device GP I trigger parameters.</p> <p>Note: This configuration needs to be modified when the device is idle (i. e., the loop read status cannot change the configuration).</p>

6.1.6. Query the baseband software version

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Query class	M s g A p p G e t B a s e V e r s i o n
attribute	V e r s i o n: Baseband software version number (eg: "0.1.0.0")

Say, Ming	no .
------------------	------

6.1.7. Query the reader and writer information

Namespace	GD o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .P r o t o c o l .G x
Query class	M sgAppGet ReaderInfo
attribute	<p>I m e i: Reader and writer serial number</p> <p>P o w e r O n T i m e: Power-on time</p> <p>B a s e B u i l d D a t e: Baseband compilation time</p> <p>AppVersion: Application software version (like: "0.1.0.0")</p> <p>A p p B u i l d D a t e: Application compilation time</p> <p>S y s t e m V e r s i o n: Operating system version</p>
Say, Ming	no .

6.1.8. Query the reader and writer R F I D capabilities

Namespace	GD o t n e t .R e a d e r .A p i .P r o t o c o l .G x
Query class	M sg B a s e G e t C a p a b i l i t i e s

attribute	<p>Max Power: The maximum support power</p> <p>MinPower: The minimum support power</p> <p>AntennaCount: Number of antennas</p> <p>Frequency Array: List of supported frequency bands,</p> <p>0, National standard 920~925MHz</p> <p>1, National standard 840~845MHz</p> <p>2, National standard 840~845MHz and 920~925MHz</p> <p>3, FCC, 902~928MHz</p> <p>4, ETSI, 866~868MHz</p> <p>Protocol Array: List of supported protocols,</p> <p>0, ISO18000-6C/ EPC C1G2</p> <p>1, ISO18000-6B</p> <p>2, National standard GB / T 29768-2013</p> <p>3, Military standard GJB 7383.1-2011</p>
Say, Ming	no.

6.2. RFID configuration and operation

6.2.1. Stop instruction

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e S t o p
attribute	not have
Say, Ming	<p>Stop all RF I D operations on the reader and leave the reader idle.</p> <p><u>Tip: When the read and writer is in the card reading state, all configuration messages cannot be sent, and stop instructions must be sent.</u></p>

6.2.2. Configure and query the reader and writer power

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Configuration class	M s g B a s e S e t P o w e r
Query class	M s g B a s e G e t P o w e r
attribute	D i c P o w e r: reader and writer corresponding antenna power (D i c t i o n a r y < b y t e , b y t e > , k e y : antenna index number, v a l u e : antenna power value)
Say, Ming	(Persiuration configuration, power off saving) configure reader power for each antenna port.

6.2.3. Configure and query the reader-writer working frequency band

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Configuration class	M s g B a s e S e t F r e q R a n g e
Query class	M s g B a s e G e t F r e q R a n g e
attribute	F r e q R a n g e I n d e x : frequency band index, specific correspondence, as detailed in Appendix 1.
Say, Ming	(Persiuration configuration, power off saving) used to configure the current working band of the reader and writer.

6.2.4. Configure and query the EPC baseband parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Configuration class	M s g B a s e S e t B a s e b a n d
Query class	M s g B a s e G e t B a s e b a n d

attribute	<p>BaseSpeed: EPC baseband rate (optional).</p> <p>Q Value: Default Q value (optional) (0~15).</p> <p>Session: (Optional) (0, Session0; 1, Session1; 2, Session2; 3, Session3).</p> <p>InventoryFlag: Disc flag parameters (optional) (0, Flag A only; 1, Flag B only; 2, Flag A and Flag B).</p>
Say, Ming	(Persistence configuration, power saving) To configure the baseband parameters used by the reader and writer.

6.2.5. Configuration and query tag upload parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
Configuration class	M s g B a s e S e t F r e q R a n g e
Query class	M s g B a s e G e t F r e q R a n g e
attribute	<p>RepeatTime: Repeat label filtering time (optional) (indicating that the same label content is uploaded only once during the specified repeat filtering time, 0~65535, time unit of 10m s).</p> <p>RssiTV: R SSI threshold (optional) (tag data is not uploaded and discarded when the tag RSSI value is below the threshold).</p>
Say, Ming	(Persistent configuration, power off saving) configuration label actively upload parameters.

6.2.6. Read the EPC tag

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e I n v e n t o r y E p c

attribute	<p>AntennaEnable: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>InventoryMode: Continuous / single reading (0: single reading mode, reading and writer do one round of card reading operation on each enabling antenna to end the card reading operation and automatically enter the idle state; 1: Continuous reading mode, the reader completes the card reading operation until the reader receives the stop command)</p> <p>Filter: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p> <p>ReadTid: TID Read parameters (optional) (see parameter description for details)</p> <p>ReadUserData: User data zone read parameters (optional) (see parameter description for details)</p> <p>Read Reserved: Retention Read parameters (optional) (see parameter description for details)</p> <p>HexPassword: Access Password (Optional)</p>
Say, Ming	<p>To configure the tag read parameters of the reader and start the read card operation, any read tag data operation needs to get the tag EPC code first, so any read card operation gets the EPC code.</p>

6.2.7. Write the EPC tags

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	MsgBaseWriteEpc
attribute	<p>AntennaEnable: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>Area: Label data zone to be written (0, reservation zone; 1, EPC zone; 2, TID zone; 3, user data zone)</p> <p>Start: The word start address of the tag data zone to be written</p> <p>HexWriteData: Data content to be written (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>WriteData: Data content to be written into</p> <p>Filter: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p> <p>HexPassword: Access Password (Optional)</p>
Say, Ming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤The reader and writer writes on the EPC label, as defined by this instruction as a single operation ➤The ISO 18000-6C protocol specifies the read and write operation minimum data sheet as a word. ➤The EPC zone consists of CRC16 (word 0) + PC (word 1) + EPC: CRC16: word 0, unwritable. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PC: The first word, the first five bit bits indicate the EPC word length, or the PC is calculated by moving 11 bits left for the EPC.

6.2.8. Lock the EPC label

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e L o c k E p c
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>A r e a: Label data zone to be locked (0, Inactivate Passcode zone; 1, Access password zone; 2, EPC zone; 3, TID zone; 4, User data zone)</p> <p>M o d e: Lock operation type (0, unlock; 1, lock; 2, permanent unlock; 3, permanent lock)</p> <p>F i l t e r: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p> <p>H e x P a s s w o r d: Access Password (Optional)</p>
Say, Ming	Lock or unlock the label, as defined in this instruction as a single operation

6.2 Inactivate the EPC label.9.

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e D e s t o r y E p c
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>H e x P a s s w o r d: To destroy the password</p> <p>F i l t e r: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p>
Say, Ming	For the label inactivation operation, the label is permanently inactivated, which is an irreversible operation. The operation defined in this instruction is a single operation

6.2.10. Read the 6B tag

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e I n v e n t o r y 6 b

attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>I n v e n t o r y M o d e: Continuous / single reading (0: single reading mode, reading and writer do one round of card reading operation on each enabling antenna to end the card reading operation and automatically enter the idle state; 1: Continuous reading mode, the reader completes the card reading operation until the reader receives the stop command)</p> <p>A r e a: Read content (0, read 6B TID only; 1, read 6B TID + user data; 2, Read user data only)</p> <p>R e a d U s e r d a t a: User data zone read parameters (optional) (see parameter description for details)</p> <p>H e x M a t c h T i d: The T I D code to match the 6B tag (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>B M a t c h T i d: The T I D code to match the 6B tag (optional)</p>
Say, Ming	Data read operation used for the I S O 18000-6B label

6.2.11. Write the 6B label

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e W r i t e 6 b
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>H e x M a t c h T i d: The T I D code to match the 6B tag (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>B M a t c h T i d: TID code to be match the 6B tag</p> <p>S t a r t: The byte start address to the label data zone to be written</p> <p>H e x W r i t e D a t a: Data content to be written (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>B w r i t e D a t a: Data content to be written into</p>
Say, Ming	Write on the 6B label, as defined in this instruction as a single operation

6.2.12.6B label lock

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e L o c k 6 b
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>H e x M a t c h T i d: The T I D code to match the 6B tag (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>B M a t c h T i d: TID code to be match the 6B tag</p> <p>L o c k I n d e x: Byte address of the data to be locked</p>

Say, Ming	Lock 6B label data which is irrevocable and reversed and the locking operation defined in this instruction is a single operation
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6.2.13.6B Tab Lock query

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e L o c k 6 b G e t
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>H e x M a t c h T i d: The T I D code to match the 6B tag (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>B M a t c h T i d: T I D code to be match the 6B tag</p> <p>L o c k I n d e x: The byte address of the query data to be locked</p>
Say, Ming	Query the 6B tag data lock state, and the lock query operation defined by this instruction is a single operation

6.2.14. Read the GB tags

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e I n v e n t o r y G b
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>I n v e n t o r y M o d e: Continuous / single reading (0: single reading mode, reading and writer do one round of card reading operation on each enabling antenna to end the card reading operation and automatically enter the idle state; 1: Continuous reading mode, the reader completes the card reading operation until the reader receives the stop command)</p> <p>Filter: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p> <p>R e a d T i d: T I D Read parameters (optional) (see parameter description for details)</p> <p>R e a d U s e r d a t a: User data zone read parameters (optional) (see parameter description for details)</p> <p>H e x P a s s w o r d: Access Password (Optional)</p>
Say, Ming	To configure the label reading parameters of the reader and writer and start the read card operation, any read label data operation needs to obtain the label encoding first, so any read card operation will get the label encoding (E P C).

6.2.15. Write the GB label

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e W r i t e G b
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>A r e a: Label data zone to be written (0x10, tag coding zone 0x20, tag security zone 0x30~0x3F, user sub-zone 0~15 zone)</p> <p>S t a r t: The word start address of the tag data zone to be written</p> <p>H e x W r i t e D a t a: Data content to be written (optional) (16 decimal system)</p> <p>B w r i t e D a t a: Data content to be written into</p> <p>F i l t e r: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p> <p>H e x P a s s w o r d: Access Password (Optional)</p>
Say, Ming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤The reader and writer write on the G B label, and the write operation defined by this instruction is a single operation ➤The G B protocol specifies the minimum read and write operation data sheet as a word.

6.2.16. Lock the GB label

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e L o c k G b
attribute	<p>A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details)</p> <p>A r e a: Label data zone to be locked (0x 00 tag information, 0x 10 label coding, 0x 20 tag security, 0x30~0x3F user child 0~15)</p> <p>M o d e: Lock operation type 0x 00, readable and writable.0x01, which is readable and not writable.0x02, unreadable and written.0x03, unreadable or writable.At 0x 11, the security mode is set to require no identification; this operation area must be a label security zone.In 0x12, the security mode is set to require identification and no secure communication; this operation area must be a label security zone.0x13, security mode is set to identification and secure communication; this operation area must be a label security zone.</p> <p>F i l t e r: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)</p> <p>H e x P a s s w o r d: Access Password (Optional)</p>

Say, Ming	Lock or unlock the label, as defined in this instruction as a single operation
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6.2.17. Inactivate the GB label

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	M s g B a s e D e s t o r y G b
attribute	A n t e n n a E n a b l e: Antenna port (enumerate with antenna, see Quick start for details) H e x P a s s w o r d: To destroy the password F i l t e r: Select the read parameter (optional) (see the parameter description for details)
Say, Ming	For the label inactivation operation, the label is permanently inactivated, which is an irreversible operation. The operation defined in this instruction is a single operation

7. parameter declaration

7.1.1. 6C / G B label selection parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	P a r a m E p c F i l t e r
attribute	A r e a: Data zone to match (1, EPC zone; 2, T I D zone; 3, user data zone) (G B Label, 0x 00 Label Information Zone, 0x 10 Label coding Zone, 0x 20 Label Security Zone, 0x30~0x3F User Sub-zone 0~15) B i t S t a r t: Matching the data start site address B i t L e n g t h: Data bit length required to match H e x D a t a: Data content to be matched (optional) (16 imal) B D a t a: Data content needed to match
Say, Ming	optional parameters The top 32 bits of the EPC region is the PC value, so the starting site address of distinguishing the EPC is usually 32.

7.1.2.6 The C tag reads the T I D parameter

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	P a r a m E p c R e a d T i d
attribute	<p>M o d e: T I D read mode configuration, (0, T I D read length is adaptive, but the maximum length does not exceed the length defined by byte 1; 1, read TID by the length defined by byte 1)</p> <p>L e n: The reader and writer needs to read the word of the T I D data (w o r d , <u>16bits , The same below.</u>) <u>Length</u></p>
Say, Ming	optional parameters

7.1.3.6 The C tag reads the user data area parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	P a r a m E p c R e a d U s e r d a t a
attribute	<p>S t a r t: Start word address</p> <p>L e n: The word length of the user data that the reader needs to read</p>
Say, Ming	optional parameters

7.1.4. 6B Tab reads the user data area parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	P a r a m 6 b R e a d U s e r d a t a
attribute	<p>S t a r t: User data start byte address</p> <p>L e n: User data byte length</p>
Say, Ming	optional parameters

7.1.5. The G B label reads the user data zone parameters

Namespace	GD o t n e t . R e a d e r . A p i . P r o t o c o l . G x
class	ParamGb Read Userdata
attribute	Ch il d A r e a : User subzone S t a r t : User data start byte address L e n : User data byte length
Say, Ming	optional parameters

8. appendix 1

List of frequency bands supported by the reader and writer

Saw, lead	Say, Ming
0	National standard is 920~925MHz
1	National standard is 840~845MHz
2	National standard 840~845MHz and 920~925MHz
3	FCC , 902~928MHz
4	ETSI , 866~868MH z

9. appendix 2